## Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listing of claims in the application.

## 1. - 20. (Canceled)

21. (Currently Amended) A corrosion-resisting and wearresisting alloy, which is obtained by casting a material from
a cobalt base alloy into an ingot or a slab as an intermediate
material, hot plastic forming being applied to said
intermediate material at a temperature which is 650°C or more
and the solidus temperature or less, which includes a
structure comprising mesh-like eutectic carbide and a base
material surrounded by the eutectic carbide, the eutectic
carbide is formed as a discontinuous distribution in a form of
multiple grains or clusters, wherein the coefficient of
friction is 0.1 to 0.5, and the Vickers hardness without age
hardening process is 300 to 600 Hv;

wherein the cobalt base alloy comprises 0.1 to 3.5% of C, 25% or less of Ni, 25 to 35% of Cr, 5% or less of Fe, 20% or less of W, 1.5% or less of Mo, and 1.5% or less of Si in weight ratio, the remaining balance being Co and inevitable impurities, and

wherein the grain size of said eutectic carbide is 30  $\mu m$  or smaller.

- 22. (Previously Presented) A corrosion-resisting and wear-resisting alloy according to Claim 21, wherein the coefficient of friction of the corrosion-resisting and wear-resisting alloy is 0.1 to 0.3.
- 23. (Currently Amended) A corrosion-resisting and wearresisting alloy, which is obtained by casting a material from
  a nickel base alloy into an ingot or a slab as an intermediate
  material, hot plastic forming being applied to said
  intermediate material at a temperature which is 650°C or more
  and the solidus temperature or less, which includes a
  structure comprising mesh-like eutectic carbide and a base
  material surrounded by the eutectic carbide, the eutectic
  carbide being formed as a discontinuous distribution in a form
  of multiple grains or clusters, wherein the coefficient of
  friction is 0.1 to 0.5, and the Vickers hardness without age
  hardening process is 300 to 600 Hv;

wherein the nickel base alloy comprises 0.1 to 2.5% of C, 3 to 9% of Si, 7 to 25% of Cr, 0.5 to 5% of B, 2 to 6% of Fe,

1 to 5 of W and 17% or less of Mo in weight ratio, the remaining balance being Ni and inevitable impurities, and

wherein the grain size of said eutectic carbide is 30  $\mu m$  or smaller.

- 24. (Previously Presented) A corrosion-resisting and wear-resisting alloy according to Claim 23, wherein the coefficient of friction of the corrosion-resisting and wear-resisting alloy is 0.1 to 0.3.
- 25. (Currently Amended) A corrosion-resisting and wearresisting alloy, which is obtained by casting a material from
  an iron base alloy into an ingot or a slab as an intermediate
  material, hot plastic forming being applied to said
  intermediate material at a temperature which is 650°C or more
  and the solidus temperature or less, which includes a
  structure comprising mesh-like eutectic carbide and a base
  material surrounded by the eutectic carbide, the eutectic
  carbide being formed as a discontinuous distribution in a form
  of multiple grains or clusters, wherein the coefficient of
  friction is 0.1 to 0.5, and the Vickers hardness without age
  hardening process is 300 to 600 Hv;

wherein the iron base alloy comprises 0.1 to 1.5% of C, 0.3 to 4% of Si, 4 to 9% of Ni, 3% or less of Mo, 6 to 10% of Mn, and 15 to 25 of Cr in weight ratio, the remaining balance being Fe and inevitable impurities, and

wherein the grain size of said eutectic carbide is 30  $\mu m$  or smaller.

- 26. (Previously Presented) A corrosion-resisting and wear-resisting alloy according to Claim 25, wherein the coefficient of friction of the corrosion-resisting and wear-resisting alloy is 0.1 to 0.3.
- 27. (Currently Amended) A fluid device whereincomprising the corrosion-resisting and wear-resisting alloy according to Claim ±21, the corrosion-resisting and wear-resisting alloy functioning as is used for a wear-resisting part that wears is subjected to wearing due to a contacted slide between elements of the fluid device or functioning as an erosion shield part that is subjected to erosion erodes due to contact with a liquid fluid of the fluid device.

- 28. (Previously Presented) A corrosion-resisting and wear-resisting alloy according to Claim 27, wherein the coefficient of friction of the corrosion-resisting and wear-resisting alloy is 0.1 to 0.3.
- 29. (Currently Amended) A fluid device whereincomprising the corrosion-resisting and wear-resisting alloy according to Claim 23, the corrosion-resisting and wear-resisting alloy functioning as is used for a wear-resisting part that wears is subjected to wearing due to a contacted slide between elements of the fluid device or functioning as an erosion shield part that is subjected to erosion erodes due to contact with a liquid fluid of the fluid device.
- 30. (Previously Presented) A fluid device wherein the corrosion-resisting and wear-resisting alloy according to Claim 29, wherein the coefficient of friction of the corrosion-resisting and wear-resisting alloy is 0.1 to 0.3.
- 31. (Currently Amended) A fluid device whereincomprising the corrosion-resisting and wear-resisting alloy according to Claim 25, the corrosion-resisting and wear-resisting alloy

functioning as is used for a wear-resisting part that wears is subjected to wearing due to a contacted slide between elements of the fluid device or functioning as an erosion shield part that is subjected to erosion erodes due to contact with a liquid fluid of the fluid device.

- 32. (Previously Presented) A fluid device wherein the corrosion-resisting and wear-resisting alloy according to Claim 31, wherein the coefficient of friction of the corrosion-resisting and wear-resisting alloy is 0.1 to 0.3.
- 33. (Previously Presented) A dynamic device wherein the corrosion-resisting and wear-resisting alloy according to Claim 21 is joined with a base metal without changing the metal composition for application to a sliding part or a contact part.
- 34. (Previously Presented) A dynamic device wherein the corrosion-resisting and wear-resisting alloy according to Claim 33 has a coefficient of friction of 0.1 to 0.3.

- 35. (Previously Presented) A dynamic device wherein the corrosion-resisting and wear-resisting alloy according to Claim 23 is joined with a base metal without changing the metal composition for application to a sliding part or a contact part.
- 36. (Previously Presented) A dynamic device wherein the corrosion-resisting and wear-resisting alloy according to Claim 35 has a coefficient of friction of 0.1 to 0.3.
- 37. (Previously Presented) A dynamic device wherein the corrosion-resisting and wear-resisting alloy according to Claim 25 is joined with a base metal without changing the metal composition for application to a sliding part or a contact part.
- 38. (Previously Presented) A dynamic device wherein the corrosion-resisting and wear-resisting alloy according to Claim 37 has a coefficient of friction of 0.1 to 0.3.